# Didactic Phase Learning Outcomes

## **Didactic Phase Learning Outcomes (DPLOs)**

#### **MEDICAL KNOWLEDGE**

- 1. Connect concepts from applied medical sciences\* with history, physical examination, diagnostic study findings, and medical/surgical management.
- 2. Connect concepts from applied medical sciences\* with screening methods used to detect conditions in asymptomatic patients and interventions used for prevention of disease and promotion/maintenance of health.

#### **CLINICAL AND TECHNICAL SKILLS**

For simulated patient encounters/laboratory practicals:

- 1. Demonstrate consistent and correct use of personal protective equipment.
- 2. Develop a systematic approach to patient evaluation and management.
- 3. Obtain essential histories.
- 4. Demonstrate correct technique when performing physical examinations.
- 5. Provide appropriate patient education.
- 6. Demonstrate correct technique when performing clinical procedures.

#### **CLINICAL REASONING AND PROBLEM-SOLVING ABILITIES**

For simulated patient encounters:

- 1. Correctly interpret history findings.
- 2. Correctly interpret physical examination findings.
- 3. Determine the appropriate diagnostic evaluation (e.g., laboratory and imaging studies).
- 4. Correctly interpret diagnostic study findings.
- 5. Utilize history, physical examination, and diagnostic study findings to formulate a list of differential diagnoses.
- 6. Formulate appropriate patient management plans.

### INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

- 1. Engage simulated patients in decisions regarding their care.
- 2. Communicate with simulated patients with consideration of their values/beliefs.
- 3. Discuss the roles and responsibilities of various health care professionals and the team approach to patient-centered care.
- 4. Provide faculty facilitators with clear and accurate oral reports and written documentation of simulated patient encounters.

#### PROFESSIONAL BEHAVIORS

- 1. Always adhere to the LMU-SMS-Knoxville PA Program Student Code of Conduct.
- 2. Engage simulated patients in an ethical PA Student/patient relationship.
- 3. Demonstrate a decreasing reliance on faculty facilitators for direction in discussion of patient cases/completion of simulated patient encounters.
- 4. With assistance from program faculty, identify areas of strength and weaknesses related to medical knowledge, skills, and professional conduct and formulate a plan for improvement.
- 5. Accept constructive criticism and incorporate feedback into future performance.
- 6. Formulate a clinical question and search, interpret, and evaluate current medical literature.
- 7. List the common precipitants of medical errors in clinical settings.
- 8. Discuss procedures to help prevent medical errors and optimize patient safety in clinical settings.
- 9. Demonstrate an understanding of the delivery of patient care and the common methods of payment.

# CLINICAL PROCEDURES

Correctly perform the following procedures:

- Surgical scrubbing, gowning, and gloving
- · Handling of surgical instruments
- Sterile technique
- Knot tying
- Administration of local anesthesia
- Wound closure with sutures

\*Applied medical sciences include the following: anatomy, epidemiology, physiology, pathophysiology, microbiology, pharmacotherapeutics, and genetic and molecular mechanisms of health and disease.